

Generating Consensus VCF and MAF file at Model Level		
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SOP Outlines **Version: 2.0.0**

## 1.0 PURPOSE/SCOPE

This Standing Operating Procedure (SOP) describes procedures for generating consensus/intersect variants calls for reporting in the NCI Patient-Derived Models database as performed by the Molecular Characterization Laboratory (MoCha) at the Frederick National Laboratory for Cancer Research. **This SOP is for research-use purposes only; do not use for clinical sample analysis.**

## 2.0 CAVEATS

- 2.1 Data should be considered representative of the major clone from the patient-derived models provided by the NCI Patient-Derived Models Repository and should not be considered to represent the entire model since intra-model heterogeneity in early-passage patient-derived models is expected and as this is intersection data, if a minor clone is not taken by a mouse it would not be represented here.
- 2.2 Common variants present in the population (e.g., germline) have not been removed from the reported non-synonymous variants. Population frequency databases (e.g., ExAC, 1000 genomes, NHLBI Exome Sequencing Project) should be used to remove variants present at high frequencies in the population.

## 3.0 DESCRIPTION OF CONSENSUS/INTERSECT VCF FILES

- 3.1 The consensus/intersect variant calls data are generated using whole exome sequence (WES) \*.VCF files generated following the WES data analysis pipeline, version 2.0 (MCCRD\_SOP0011).
- 3.2 VCF file contains all the variants present in all the PDX samples sequenced from a model.
- 3.3 MAF file contains only the variants which can alter protein sequence. This file is also filtered for Population frequency.

## 4.0 PROTOCOL

- 4.1 VCF files generated from the WES data analysis pipeline are converted to gz format.
 

```
bgzip -c ${file} >${file}.gz
tabix -p vcf ${file}.gz
```
- 4.2 All the files from a Model are merged using bcftools merge.
 

```
bcftools merge *.vcf.gz -O z -o merge.vcf.gz
tabix -p vcf merge.vcf.gz
```
- 4.3 vcf-isec is used to filter out the variants which are not present in all the PDXs. A simple perl script is used to change the header of the 10<sup>th</sup> column (representative for VAF for Model).
 

```
vcf-isec -f -n +X merge.vcf.gz ${file}.gz |fixconsensesVCF.pl - Model |cut -f 1-10 >
{output}.vcf
```

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**4.4** vcf2maf is used to convert the VCF to MAF format.

`module VEP/92 load vcf2maf/1.6.16`

```
vcf2maf.pl --input-vcf {output}.vcf --output-maf ${output}.maf --tumor-id {modelID} --
ref-fasta {input.ref} --filter-vcf ExAC.r0.3.1.sites.vep.vcf.gz --vep-path $VEP_HOME/ --
vep-forks 2 --vep-data $VEP_CACHEDIR --custom-enst {isoforms}
```

isoforms file is downloaded from MSK GitHub account.

**4.5** MAF file is filtered to carry nonsynonymous rare variants only using custom perl script (available upon request)

**4.5.1** Common Variants (if allele count across at least one ExAC subpopulation is >10) are removed.